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Fall Catalog 1923

Vondion
Narcissus

Economic
Specimen
Collection
Rec'd SEP 1923
Approved

MAR 6 1925

DUTCH BULBS,
FRUIT and ORNAMENTAL TREES
For
FALL PLANTING

SPRING HILL NURSERIES

LILLIUM
CANDIDUM

Peter Bohlender & Sons Props.

TIPPECANOE CITY

MIAMI COUNTY

OHIO

Cottage
Maid
Tulip

The Glorious Darwin Tulips

Excelling in variety and brilliancy of tints and shades and colors, perfect form of flowers, and in tall stout stems. They come into bloom after early tulips are gone, being at their best the second half of May and well into June. They are slow in developing and therefore last much longer. The gigantic flower cups rise far above the broad foliage, borne on sturdy stems 2 to 3 feet high. The flowers are self-colored with bases of charming contrasting colors. They look superb, planted as regiments in massive beds; but most artistic in harmonious colors, as in groups in hardy borders, or planted in ribbons. They can be left undisturbed for years. They flower at a time when other flowers are scarce and are especially valuable for that reason.

BARONNE DE LA TONNAYE—Bright rose, margined blush rose, beautifully shaped with large sized flowers. Excellent for forcing. Height, 26 inches.

CLARA BUTT—Clear self colored salmon pink flowers, the finest Darwin Tulip of its class, and an exquisite flower on the merits of which there is only one opinion. Height, 21 inches.

CREAM—Beautiful, soft, uniform lilac, large flower. A welcome addition to any tulip bed. Height, 26 inches.

LA CANDEUR—Also called white Queen. Lovely, soft, white flower, slightly tinged blush, with black anthers. A beautiful large globular erect flower. Height, 24 in. The illustration below of this beautiful tulip shows the perfect form of the La Candeur.

LOVELINESS — Soft carmine rose, a very warm and brilliant color, a very good tulip with medium sized flower. Splendid forcer. Height, 26 inches.

GRETCHEN
A beautiful flower that attracts much attention.

GRETCHEN—Silvery pale rose flushed white, inside soft pink with white center marked blue. A very beautiful flower with delicate coloring. Height, 24 inches.

RIDE OF HAARLEM—Bright rose suffused with purple, and enormous flowers of and beauty. A stately plant and among shrubs. Forcing this variety is unsurpassed. Height, 28 inches.

H. EUBANK—A vivid hue with lighter tint at margin, flower, very beautiful outside when forced. Height 22 in.

THE YELLOW—A low growing good for borders a beautiful canary yellow. Ht., 22 in.

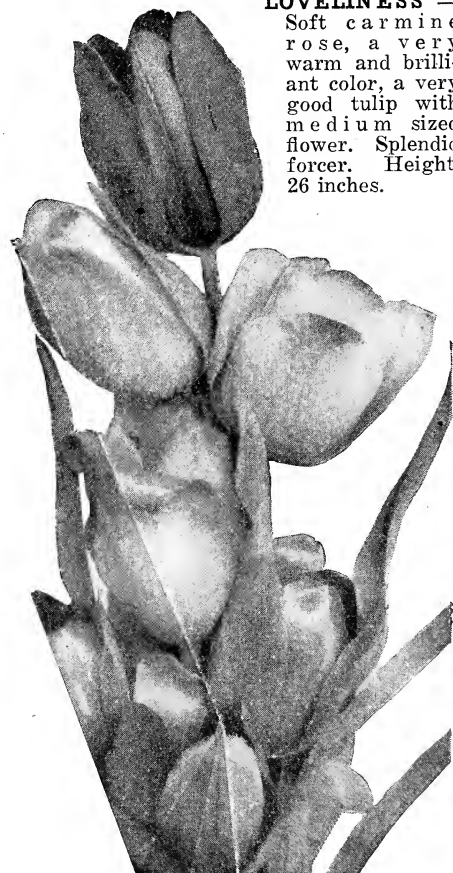
—Glossy maroon black, a wonderful color among the.



Clara Butt



ng flow



lips make wonderful bouquets

PRICES:

selection: 10 for 70c; 25 for \$1.50; 100 for \$5.40.

DARWIN MIXED TULIPS

ains a mixture of the best shades and colors. r 60c; 25 for \$1.40; 100 for \$5.00.

TWO NEW BEAUTIFUL BULBS

The Colchicum, the bulb that will bloom without soil, water or care but just a little light and air.

The Regal's Lily — more beautiful than the Madonna Lily, and very sweet scented.

The Colchicum for indoors now and the Regal's Lily for outdoor planting and a bloom in the summer.

Read the enclosed circular for a better description and prices.



Darwin Tulip

BULBS ESPECIALLY ADAPTED FOR FALL PLANTING.

Single Early Tulips

For very early spring flowers, the single tulips are indispensable. By all means have some of all varieties, so as to have an abundance of flowers all through the spring time.



ARTUS



YELLOW PRINCE



LA REINE

ARTUS—Deep scarlet, large beautiful flower, excellent for bedding. Height, 12 inches.

COTTAGE MAID—Loveliest carmine rose, shading to white, center petals, feathered white. Height, 11 inches.

CRIMSON BRILLIANT—Brilliant red, large flowers. A good variety for forcing and certainly the most effective for bedding on account of its large, dazzling red flowers of long lasting quality. Height, 14 inches.

DUSART—Pure golden yellow, with greenish yellow center. A magnificent flower. Height 12 in.

KEIZERSKROON—Bright red with broad golden yellow border, extra large flower on tall strong stem. The most popular bedding tulip. Height, 16 inches.

GOLDFINCH—Pure golden yellow, very sweet scented. Height, 12 inches.

LA REINE—Pure white if forced. When grown cool in the open, it has a delicate pink shade. The most popular of all tulips. Height, 13 inches.

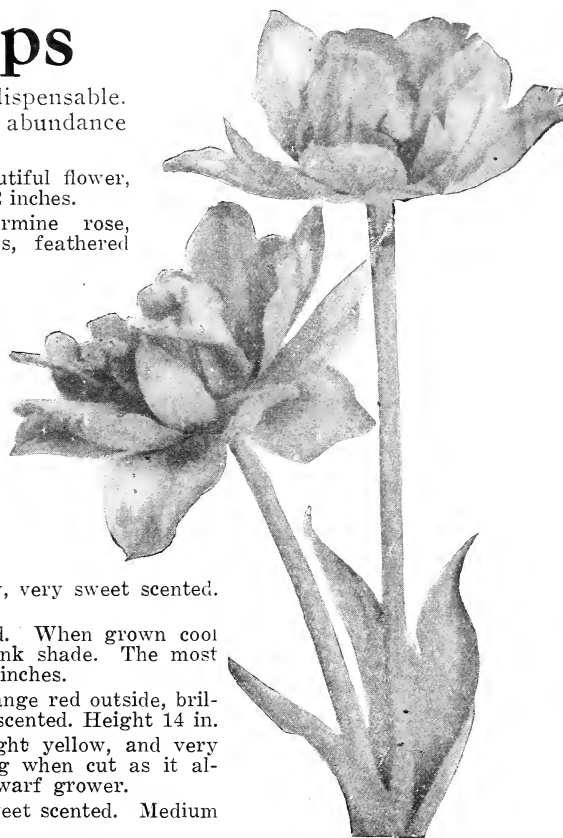
PRINCE OF AUSTRIA—Fine orange red outside, brilliant scarlet inside. Very sweet scented. Height 14 in.

YELLOW PRINCE—A very bright yellow, and very easily forced. It lasts very long when cut as it always keeps its closed form. Dwarf grower.

FRED MOORE—Dark orange, sweet scented. Medium height.

PRICE: 10 for 60c; 25 for \$1.25; 100 for \$4.50.

MIXED SINGLE TULIPS in five colors, red, rose, white, yellow and variegated. 10 for 50c; 25 for \$1.00; 100 for \$3.60.



IMPERATOR RUBRORUM

Large Flowering Double Tulips

Double Tulips produce very large double flowers, many of which are as large and showy as a peony. The bright colors of the double blossoms contrast splendidly and make a charming display.

BOULE DE NIEGE—Called the White Peony. Pure white, very large and double. Height, 12 inches. This large double tulip will add greatly to the attractiveness of group plantings.

COURONNE D'OR—The only popular yellow double tulip. Fine old gold yellow color, large well formed flowers. Height 13 inches.

IMPERATOR RUBRORUM—Fine bright scarlet with yellow center; large flowers, splendid for bedding and forcing.

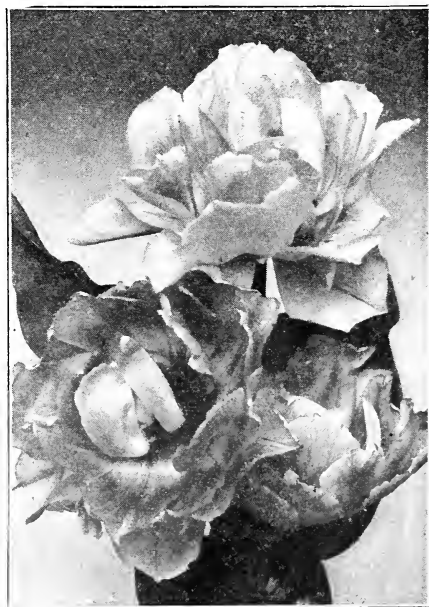
LUCRETIA—Bright pink, very large and well formed flower. The best market variety of all the doubles.

MURILLO—White shading to delicate pink, large beautiful shaped flowers on strong stems. A very popular variety. Can be used very effectively with large grouping.

TOURNESOLE—A very early double tulip with a bright red yellow edged flower, very large. Height, 12 inches.

PRICE: 10 for 65c; 25 for \$1.40; 100 for \$5.10.

MIXED COLORS DOUBLE TULIPS—10 for 60c; 25 for \$1.25; 100 for \$4.50.



BOULE DE NIEGE

Very large and double Peony Tulips

BULBS ESPECIALLY ADAPTED FOR FALL PLANTING

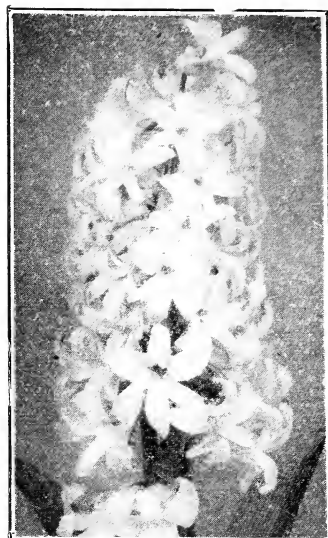
Bohlender's Select Hyacinths

Beyond doubt the Hyacinth is the Queen of Spring. Its hardiness, ease of culture and certainty to bloom would alone insure popularity, but it has the additional merit of being one of the most decorative and ornamental of plants. Its massive spikes of waxen flowers are of the most perfect shape and most delicious fragrance, while its colors sport into a hundred shades, tints and blendings. The bulbs may be planted any time from October to December. They succeed in any good, well-drained garden soil and will repay for extra care and attention. Out of the long lists of Holland growers we have chosen the very cream of all varieties either for pot or garden culture.

PRICES: 10 for \$1.00; 25 for \$2.25; 100 for \$8.50. Hyacinths in colors, red, pink, white, light and dark blue, 10 for 80c; 25 for \$1.75; 100, \$6.00.

GERTRUDE—Rosy pink hyacinth, with a very dense compact flower truss growing very erect. It is excellent for either bedding or forcing.

GRAND MAITRE—Fine deep porcelain blue. Very large, broad, well formed spikes on short strong stems. Beautiful curled bells, which combined with the fine color and form makes this the most popular of all blue hyacinths. Very free growing.



L'INNOCENCE

KING OF THE BLUES—Deep glossy blue, with a splendid well formed large spike on short stem. Bells of medium size but good substance. The very best dark blue bedding hyacinth.

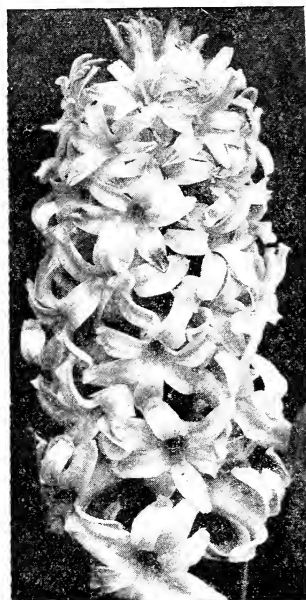
L'INNOCENCE—Pure white with large well shaped bells on fine erect truss. The most popular of all white hyacinths and is used in large quantities all over the world. Of sturdy habit and good for all purposes.

LADY DERBY—Fine large flowered pink with very large well shaped bells. One of the finest pink hyacinths, first class in every way.

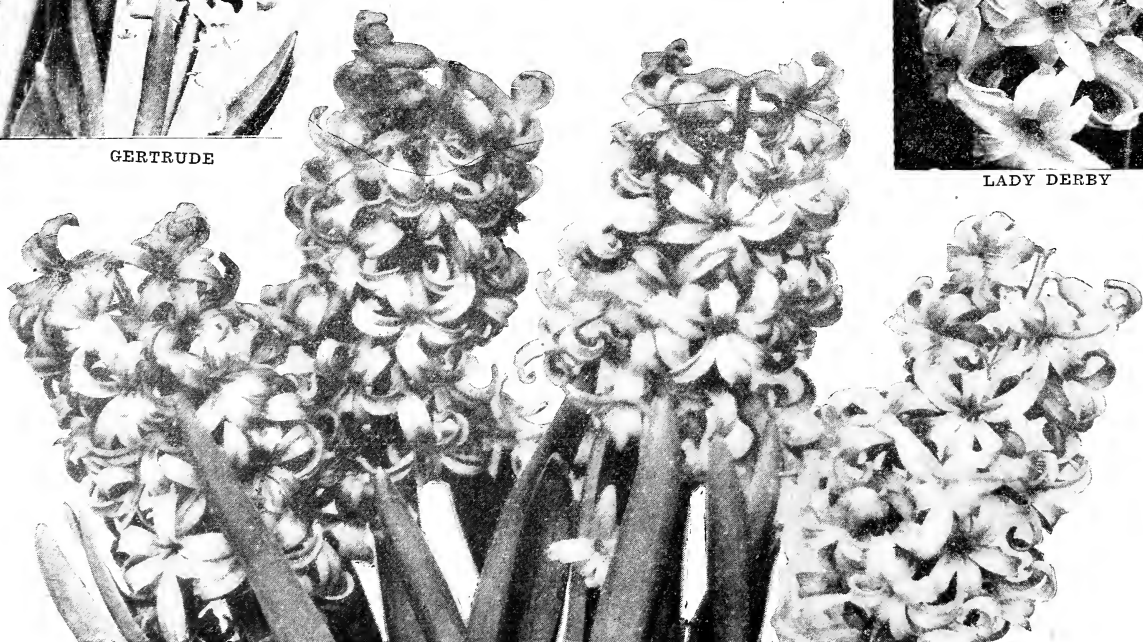
LA VICTOIRE—Brilliant carmine red, an extra fine new variety with a tall magnificent spike.



GERTRUDE



LADY DERBY



KING OF THE BLUES

BULBS ESPECIALLY ADAPTED FOR FALL PLANTING

NARCISSUS

The Narcissus is fast becoming a rival to the Hyacinth and Tulip. The massive spikes of the one and the vivid colors of the other are missing, but the Narcissus—the Daffodil of the poets—has charms of its own to counterbalance these. For cutting or wearing it is the best of the three, being by far the best vase flower of the Spring. Most of the garden sorts are particularly showy in masses, and do not require frequent re-setting to keep in vigor and flower, needing no care in fact, beyond the planting. Others of this family are among our best pot bulbs, their clustered stars and stately trumpets of white and cream, lemon, orange and yellow, giving variety, fragrance and warmth of color to our window gardens. In pots they may be had in bloom from Christmas until April. Out of doors, from the earliest to the latest, they last fully two months. Our collection is a particularly choice one and true to name. We offer our bulbs, both for the house and garden. They will prove so beautiful and increase so rapidly you will feel doubly repaid for your outlay. They can be grouped along the border of shrubberies, or at the foot of rockeries, or under trees. Everyone should have early, medium and late sorts, as well as some of each of different types.



DOUBLE VON SION



POETICUS ORNATUS

POETICUS ORNATUS—Fine for garden or pot culture and the best of the poets Narcissus. It has a white flower with a scarlet edged crown.

PRICE: Your selection of varieties, 10 for \$1.00; 25 for \$2.00; 100 for \$7.00.

Crocus

The Crocus is the recognized harbinger of Spring. Between the lulls of late winter's tempests its brave little flowers appear, minding not the least frost or flurries of snow. For six weeks its bright flowers smile saucily at us, quite sure of their welcome. Their cost is so trifling that all can afford to plant them freely. The Crocus has

been much improved in late years in size of bloom and variety of colorings. Crocus are extra fine for borders, etc. and are particularly charming dotted by twos and threes over the lawn. They come in earliest Spring.

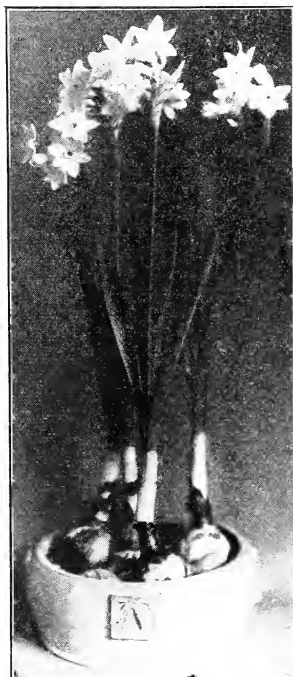
PURPUREA GRANDIFLORA—The largest and finest deep purple in cultivation.

KING OF THE WHITES—Large snowy white, extra large and showy.

SIR WALTER SCOTT—Pearl Gray striped blue.

PRICE: 10 for 50c; 25 for \$1.00; 100 for \$2.50.

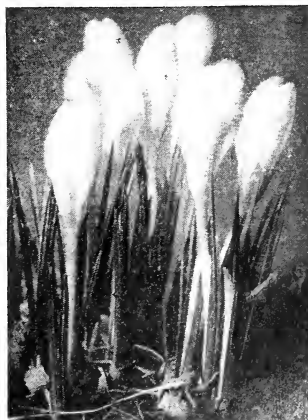
MIXED BULBS the same price.



PAPER WHITE GRANDIFLORA



GOLDEN SPUR



KING OF THE WHITES

BULBS ESPECIALLY ADAPTED FOR FALL PLANTING

Bohlender's Selected Peonies Everybody's Flower

No other flower adapts itself to so many uses as the peony. It is invaluable for giving masses of color in the mixed shrubbery and perennial border. Single plants or groups of plants, according to the size of the border, should be scattered here and there in front of large shrubs and tall perennials or among low ones. It furnishes fine specimen plants for the lawn if properly cared for. It makes a good border for walks and driveways and for division lines of lots. Plants of one variety are most effective for this purpose, as they are of the same height and come into bloom at one time. But if space is limited and one plans to put the most of his collection into such a hedge, he will get more pleasure out of a mixed planting.

Beds of the flower as large as space permits planted in rows will give immense pleasure. Here they can be easily and thoroughly cultivated; and they not only make the garden a glorious place for weeks, but they furnish unlimited quantities of cut flowers. On large estates great masses of a single color with a good background of green shrubbery produce magnificent effects. But the peony is not an aristocrat. It helps to make simple homes beautiful when planted in unused corners, or along unsightly fences or buildings. Wherever peony plants are placed they remain attractive not only during the blooming season but throughout the summer, as the foliage remains fresh and green, and with a little trimming the plants continue shapely.

ALBERT CROUSSE (Crousse)—Very large, compact, bomb-shaped blossom. Rose white with fleck of crimson. Tall, erect, profuse bloomer. Fragrant. One of the most striking of all peonies.

DUCHESSE DE NEMOURS (Calot 1858)—Crown type, early. Follows Festiva Maxima by a few days. A splendid cup-shaped sulphur-white flower with a greenish reflex that lights up the entire blossom, which gradually changes to a pure white. Exceptionally beautiful in the half-opened bud stage.

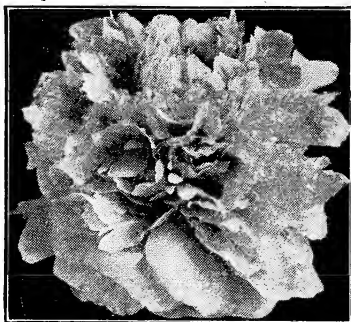
FELIX CROUSSE (Crousse 1881)—Large, compact. Deep rose red. Fragrant. Strong robust grower. Free bloomer. Called by many growers the best one-color red in cultivation. Medium season.



FESTIVA MAXIMA

FLORAL TREASURE (Rosenfeld 1900)—Large, full, globular rose type. Delicate pink with lavender tinge, shading lighter at center as flower ages. Fragrant. Flowers borne rigidly erect on strong, stiff stems, and in great numbers. Midseason.

MEISSONIER (Crousse 1886). (Syn. American Beauty)—Bomb type, midseason. Very brilliant crimson, full double flowers on wiry stems. The coloring is wonderfully rich and brilliant. In the Chicago cut flower market this peony is known as the American Beauty on account of the resemblance in color to the rose of that name. Also known as Monsieur Crousse. A grand cut flower. Valued chiefly as a cut flower bloom.



MEISSONIER

FESTIVA MAXIMA (Meille 1851)—Extra large, full, globular, rose type. Pure white, with bright, carmine flakes on the edges of the center petals. Fragrant. Heavy and abundant clean, bright foliage. Abundant bloom on long, strong stems. Early. The most popular all-around white peony in existence.

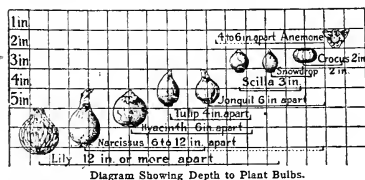
EDULIS SUPERBA (Lemoine 1824)—Large, loose crown type. Bright pink with slight violet shadings at base of petals. Fragrant. Early, strong and upright in habit, very free bloomer. Best early commercial pink. In latitude of Central Ohio in full bloom by Decoration Day. Also sold as L'Esperance.

PRICE: Any variety, 75c each; 10 for \$7.00.

BULB CULTURE.

Fall is the time in which to prepare for the feast of flowers so greatly to be enjoyed in the spring. The amateur bulb grower should place his order early in the fall, say September, so that it may be filled as soon as the bulbs are received from Holland. They may be planted any time from the first of October until the ground is frozen.

The first work in preparing the bed for bulbs is to cover the surface with a good coating of well rotted manure; then spade up the earth deeply. Plunge the spade or fork down to the full depth and turn up the earth from the bottom. After spading, rake down the earth from the center to make the bed perfectly level. It may be well to use a little dibble so as to get all the bulbs planted at the same depth. The only objection to this is that it sometimes compresses the soil too much, leaving a hollow place underneath the bulb. This should be filled with coarse sand before the bulb is set. Close contact with the soil is essential. Standing water at the base of the bulb will cause the roots to decay. Generally speaking all the Dutch bulbs thrive better for having some sand mixed with the soil. Firm the soil well around the base of the bulb.



BOHLENDER'S PICKED LILY BULBS

LILIUM AURATUM, THE GOLDEN QUEEN OF LILIES

—One of the finest and most popular of hardy garden lilies. Flowers are pure white, thickly studded with chocolate colored spots, while through the center of each petal runs a clear golden band. The flowers are enormous, often measuring 10-12 inches across, are abundantly produced during summer, and are so fragrant that one flower will perfume a small garden. Small bulbs will not flower the first year.

LILIUM CANDIDUM—The first to come for the planting season is also known under other names. Annunciation Lily so called by painters in the Middle Ages. Also Cottage Lily as it is seen blooming in great masses in front of cottages in France, England, Scotland and Germany. Under any name this pure fragrant Lily is beautiful. It blooms end of May and during June and part of July (dependent on seasons), lifting its tall stems and silvery chalice to the sun and dew. An emblem of all that is holy and pure. But this is an age of commerce and so many flowers symbolize so many dollars, so do bulbs.

SPECIOSUM ALBUM—This is the pure white form of Speciosums. The center of petals has a soft fringe which enhances its beauty. It is without doubt the finest pure white garden lily. Fine flowering bulbs.

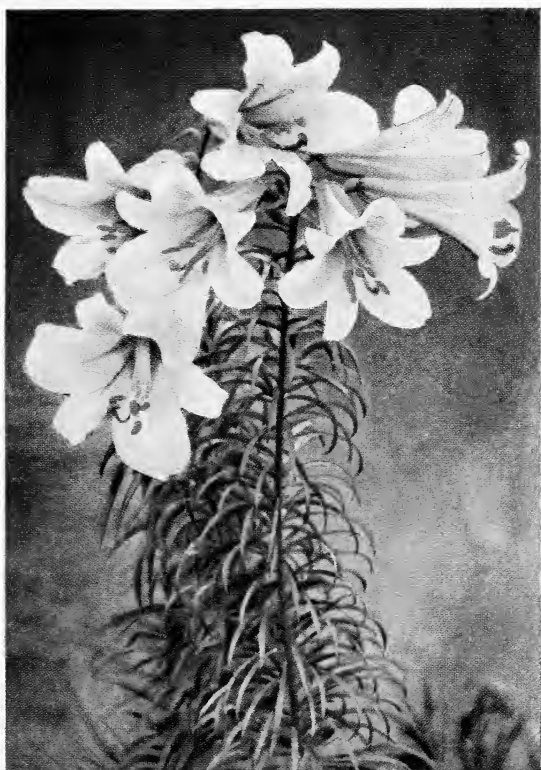
SPECIOSUM RUBRUM—The type with reflexed petals. On a white ground are a number of brilliant crimson spots, stripes and dots. Most beautiful form. Fine for flowering bulbs.



LILIUM CANDIDUM

PRICES: 40c each, 3 for \$1.00

BULBS ESPECIALLY ADAPTED FOR FALL PLANTING



**New Chinese
Regal or Royal Lily**

Lilium Regale or Myriophyllum

Three years old. Large bulbs.

Each, 60c; two for \$1.00; six for \$2.60; twelve for \$5.00

SPRING HILL NURSERIES

TIPPECANOE CITY, OHIO

New Chinese Regal or Royal Lily

Lilium Regale or Myriophyllum

The Sensation of the Year
CHARMING DELICATE

Regal Lily, being a native of Northwestern China, is hardy. Bailey's Cyclopedia of Horticulture says of it: "One of the most beautiful of all known lilies, the exquisite blending of tints and colors forming a charming contrast with the rich, deep-green foliage. Highly recommended for general culture both for the open ground and for pots."

The outside of the flower is white, very faintly tinged with yellow at the base of the trumpet, and with pink at the point. The midribs are purple. The inside shows a bright canary-yellow deep in the throat, shading to pure white with just a hint of pink showing through from the outside. Mature bulbs produce plants 3 to 4 feet high, bearing 3 to 10 flowers.

Our prices on Regal Lily are unusually low, due to the fact that we now have a large stock of plants for the first time since its introduction.

When you see this lily in bloom in your garden during June or early July, you will thank us for offering it to you.

CULTURAL DIRECTIONS

The Regal Lily has but little preference as to its home. It will do equally well North or South, high or low altitude, shady or sunny locations.

Plant about 5 inches deep, in well drained soil. Use well rotted compost mixed in your soil, if your soil is very poor, and top dress with leaf mold or well rotted compost. Do not use fresh manure.

Cultivate or hoe the ground but very little. Do not water except during extreme drought. It is hardy and will live out for many years, blooming better each year if unmolested. It should be planted in the early fall, but may be planted in the spring.

All bulbs we offer are blooming size bulbs and will bloom the first year.

Colchicum

Our illustration is from a photograph of this wonder of the floral kingdom. Blooms without vase, soil, water, or care. Unique for table, room, or window decoration. Rosy-tinted blossoms shade to a pearly-white and exhale refreshing fragrance.

Simply place the bulb in a dish, bowl, saucer, or on the table or window sill in a little light and watch its beauty unfold. As the blooms fade and drop, cut them off and others will follow in quick succession, each bulb producing from six to fifteen flowers.

When the blooming has ceased, the bulbs may be potted or planted in the open garden or lawn, where the following spring they will develop a beautiful, broad, deep-colored foliage.

Remove from bed about July first, dry the bulb in darkness for a few weeks, and use for indoor decoration as at first.

Baxter Brothers & Co., Bankers.

Gentlemen:—

Ida Grove, Iowa.

I was well pleased with the Colchicums last year and had some trouble making some of my friends believe there was such a plant even after showing it to them. I enclose draft and would be pleased to have you send me four more. I am taking your list home and you may expect an order from my wife later on.

Yours truly, CHAS. J. McDONNELL.

Medaryville Board of Health.

Dear Sirs:—

Medaryville, Ind.

Please send to me two of your Colchicum Bulbs. I saw the ones that Mr. White of the First National Bank has and think them superior to anything in that line that I have ever seen. Thanking you, I beg to remain,

DR. C. E. LINTON.

Gentlemen:—

Bank of Wilton.

Wilton, Ark.

Enclosed find check, for which please send two (2) Colchicum Bulbs to J. W. Hawthorne, DeQueen, Arkansas, Box 54. The bulbs I ordered are blooming and certainly are objects of interest and admiration. This man saw one blooming on my desk and wanted to buy it, but I wouldn't sell it, and offered to order some for him. Be sure that he gets these.

Yours truly, ADA MILLS, Cashier.

The Yorkville National Bank.

Gentlemen:—

Yorkville, Ill.

Some of my friends have been watching the Colchicums grow and beg for them, and while I wouldn't part with them I enclose check for a few more so I can please them. I am,

Yours very truly, W. R. NEWTON, Pres.

Dear Sirs:—

St. Johnsbury East, Vt.

Please find enclosed check for two of your Colchicum Bulbs. I never heard of them until last Saturday night, then I saw two Bulbs. I am anxious to receive them, for I think when they are delivered they must be almost a miracle.

Sincerely yours, MRS. IRVING M. LOCKE.

WRITE FOR OUR CATALOG—IT'S FREE.



Colchicum

(Taken from Photograph)

**Requires a little sunlight. No water. No soil.
No care. No vase. Surprising and beautiful.**

PRICE

One Bulb . Postage Paid \$0.30
Four Bulbs . Postage Paid 1.00

SPRING HILL NURSERIES

Tippecanoe City, Ohio

Spring Hill Nurseries

TREES, PLANTS and
SEEDS THAT GROW

Tippecanoe City
Miami Co., Ohio

PUSSY
WILLOW

A Promise of Springtime

PUSSY WILLOW (*Salix Caprae*)

(Not the Wild Pussy Willow)

A cultivated variety of Pussy Willow that has made a sensation wherever it has been shown. Branches of this variety have been selling at retail, during the winter months in cities, at from \$1.50 to \$3.00 per dozen.

Grow Them on Your Own Lawn

Enjoy these dainty silvery flowers every winter. A beautiful round shrub in summer. Wherever you have room for a Lilac or Snowball, you have room for a Pussy Willow. Use them for tall screens or backgrounds.

Plant one or more of them this spring. Cut the ends of the branches next January or February. Place them indoors in a vase of water. Watch them unfold their large catkins of silvery pink, from 1 to 2 inches long. They will repay you many times their cost in pleasure each winter.

PRICES \$1.00 each
3 for \$2.75
6 for \$5.00

Size of plants 4 to 5 feet

Only mother willow knows
How to make such suits as those
Fuzzy little friends that bring
Promise of the coming spring.



RELIABLE TIME TRIED PEACHES

Peaches for 8 Weeks

We are offering on this page, four varieties of peaches, that time has proven to be the best and most reliable peaches grown.

Poor success is sometimes had with peaches because some varieties, while they may do well in one section of the country in other sections they are a failure.

For good results, we especially recommend these varieties as being sure to give satisfaction, and fruit for eight weeks.

Elberta

The old reliable peach of which more has been planted, and from which more money has been made than any other variety.

It will keep longer, ship and handle better and sell more readily than any peach grown.

Fruit is extra large, golden yellow with brilliant shade of red. Juicy, rich and sweet. Freestone. MIDDLE OF AUGUST.

J. H. Hale

A wonderful peach, even larger than the Elberta and very productive. Enormous crops of this variety have been grown both north and south. A delicious yellow fleshed freestone peach. Its size, beauty, solidity, texture and flavor cannot be duplicated. LATE AUGUST AND EARLY SEPTEMBER.

Kalamazoo

A beautiful peach that will bear good crops of fruit when all other varieties fail. The surest cropper that we know of. A very good quality, yellow fleshed variety. FIRST OF AUGUST.

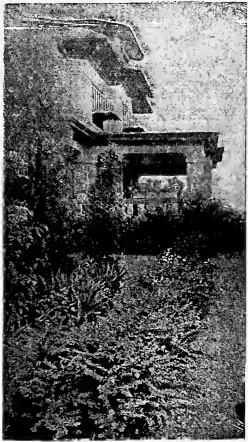
Salway

A mighty fine late peach and especially recommended for canning. It is also to be recommended for the quality of its fruit, productiveness under all kinds of conditions of soil and climate and because the fruit ripens late after other varieties can not be had. MIDDLE OF SEPTEMBER.

Low Prices

4 Trees, 1 each of above 4 varieties,	2 to 3 ft.	\$1.15
8 " 2 " " " " " "	2 to 3 ft.	2.30
12 " 3 " " " " " "	2 to 3 ft.	3.30
4 " 1 " " " " " "	3 to 4 ft.	1.80
8 " 2 " " " " " "	3 to 4 ft.	3.55
12 " 3 " " " " " "	3 to 4 ft.	5.20
100 Trees, your choice of varieties,	2 to 3 ft.	20.00
100 " " " " " " "	3 to 4 ft.	35.00
25 " " " " " " "	4 to 6 ft.	16.25

Bohlender's Hardy Deciduous Shrubs Suitable for Fall Planting



A HEDGE OF JAPANESE
BARBERRY

BARBERRY (Berberis)

JAPANESE (Thunbergii)—Of all the barberries in cultivation, this one is probably the best known, the most planted, and the most effective. It is one of the valuable introductions we have received from Japan and is especially to be desired because of its low, dense, horizontal growth, the bright fall coloring leaves, and the brilliant red berries that remain fresh and attractive until the following spring. It is quite hardy and will thrive equally well in shade or in sunny locations. Especially valuable for planting along walks and drives, and for massing in the border. 12 to 18 inches, 25c each; 18 to 24 inches, 40c each; 2 to 3 feet, 60c each.

BUTTON BUSH (Cephalanthus)

OCCIDENTALIS—A good sized native shrub, bearing globular heads of white flowers in July. Delights in a wet soil, but will thrive on upland. 50c each.

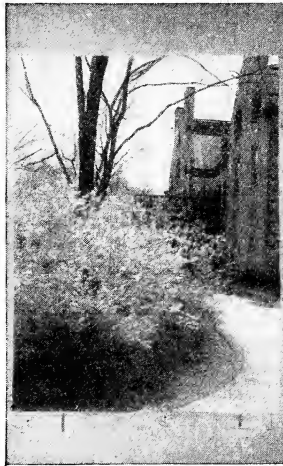


DEUTZIA LEMOINEI

A walk with nature in her undisturbed retreats will soon reveal to her student and lover that she has been most lavish with certain species of shrubs in the various localities. These varieties are frequently good to be used when beautifying the home surroundings, but aside from these, many other species are always needed to add variety and many times to aid in making up the succession of bloom.

In many ways nature may be followed. It has been noted among other things that isolated specimens are seldom if ever to be found. Here we learn to plant in masses or groups for best results. Do not delay another season in planting at least some shrubs, for they add materially to the beauty and attractiveness of any home or public place.

Shrubs provide material of a permanent character for the adornment of property at less cost and more effectively than anything else.



FORSYTHIA (See page 8)

RED TWIGGED (Sanguinea)—A handsome shrub growing from 10 to 12 feet high with purple or dark blood-red branches. Flowers greenish white in dense cymes. The fruit is black. 18 to 24 inches, 30c; 2 to 3 feet, 40c each.

SIBERIAN (Alba, var. Siberica)—Tall shrub with bright coral-red branches, making them very ornamental, even after flowers are gone. 18 to 24 inches, 30c; 2 to 3 feet, 40c.

VARIEGATED (Var. Spathii)—This variety is especially showy and desirable in the shrubbery border. Leaves variegated with yellow. 18 to 24 inches, 50c each.

WHITE (Florida)—A hardy native shrub with handsome foliage, often assuming a brilliant fall coloring; large, white, snowy flowers appearing in May before the leaves. 2 to 3 ft., 40c; 3 to 4 feet, 50c each.

DEUTZIA

An elegant species of strong, erect-growing shrubs. Especially prized for the beautiful clusters of blossoms in May.

PRIDE OF ROCHESTER—Showy, early, large-flowering sort; blossoms in May before others. Grows 6 to 8 feet high. White flowers, large and double. One of the best of the Deutzias. 3 to 4 feet, 40c each; 3 for \$1.

LEMOINEI—Spreading shrub to three feet in height. Its pure white flowers appear in broad panicles. A very desirable shrub, more vigorous and with more showy flowers than some of the other forms. Excellent for forcing. Very hardy. 18 to 24 inches, 50c each.

GRACILIS—A handsome, dwarf, and bushy little shrub with slender, often arching branches. A neat shrub that blooms in May, clothing its branches in pure white flowers. Valuable for shrubberies or for forcing. 12 to 18 inches, 50c each.



BUTTERFLY BUSH

BUTTERFLY BUSH (Buddleia)

SUMMER LILAC (Varibilis Magnifica)—This shrub of comparative recent introduction has grown into favor almost immediately. It is a semi-herbaceous plant, by which we mean in some latitudes it will die down to the ground, and while perfectly hardy, we recommend covering the roots with manure, leaves or other material as winter approaches, as it will help to produce a heavy growth the next season. It is very hardy; blooms the first season, usually from June until frost; the blossoms are borne on long, graceful stems, which terminate in tapering panicles of lilac-colored flowers that are of miniature size, the flower head is frequently ten inches long. 40c each; 3 for \$1.00.

DOGWOOD (Cornus)

CORNELIA CHERRY (Mascula)—Is a hardy ornamental shrub, or small tree of dense growth, with glossy leaves; very attractive in early spring with its yellow flowers and again in the fall with its scarlet fruits. 2 to 3 feet, 40c each.

ELEGANTISSIMA—This is a beautiful plant. The leaves marked with white. Very showy. 18 to 24 inches, 35c; 2 to 3 feet, 50c each.



HIGH BUSH CRANBERRY

PLANTS ESPECIALLY ADAPTED FOR FALL PLANTING

BOHLENDER'S HARDY DECIDUOUS SHRUBS FOR FALL PLANTING

GLOBE FLOWER (Kerria)

JAPANESE ROSE (Japonica)—One of the first shrubs brought from Japan. It grows from four to eight feet high and as broad as high. Very attractive thruout the year; in winter light green branches, in early June yellow flowers in great abundance; and again in autumn when the leaves change to a clear yellow. Not quite hardy in the northern states. 18 to 24 inches, 50c.

GOLDEN BELL (Forsythia)

FORTUNE'S (Var. Fortunei)—Grows with upright or arching branches. 18 to 24 inches, 30c each; 3 to 4 ft., 40c each; 3 for \$1.10.

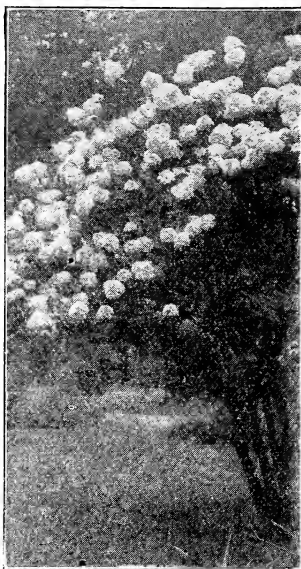
WEEPING (Suspensa)—Highly ornamental, free flowering shrub, growing to 5 feet; the branches often drooping on the ground and taking root. They grow in almost any garden soil and are hardy north. The golden yellow flowers appear in early spring. For margins or groups. 2 to 3 ft., 35c each; 3 to 4 ft., 40c each; 3 for \$1.10.

VIREDISSIMA—Shrub to ten feet with erect, green branches. Leaves very dark green, three to six inches long, the flowers about one inch long, twisted lobes of bright greenish yellow. Taller than the other species. 2 to 3 ft., 30c; 3 to 4 ft., 40c each; 3 for \$1.10.

HONEYSUCKLE (Lonicera)

ALBERA—A small shrub with slender branches, rigid and spiny in high altitudes. The rosy pink, fragrant flowers are borne on slender and erect stems. May and June. 18 to 24 in., 25c; 2 to 3 ft., 40c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c each.

MORROWI—A very decorative shrub that reaches 6 feet in height. Beautiful, pure white flowers appear in May or June, followed by red fruits, which remain until late autumn. 18 to 24 in., 30c; 2 to 3 ft., 40c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c each.



HYDRANGEA, P. G.

HYDRANGEA

ARBORESCENS (Var. Sterilis), (Hills of Snow)—Almost all of the flowers are sterile. Very showy variety, excellent for borders. 18 to 24 inches, 50c; 2 to 3 feet, 75c each.

PANICULATA (Panicled Hydrangea)—A vigorous shrub from Japan; bears long, loose panicles of white flowers. 12 to 18 in., 35c each; 18 to 24 in., 50c each; 2 to 3 feet, 75c each.

PANICULATA GRANDIFLORA—This is the best known form of the hydrangeas. A hardy, ornamental shrub to 15 feet with dense, globose head. The large, white flowers appear in August and September. The sterile flowers changing later to purplish. 18 to 24 in., 50c; 2 to 3 ft., 75c.

MOCK ORANGE (Philadelphus, Syringa)

GRANDIFLORA—Large, flowering shrub growing to about eight feet, with spreading branches, usually upright and vigorous, flowers slightly fragrant. Rapid grower and most hardy. 18 to 24 in., 30c; 2 to 3 ft., 40c each.

LEMOINEI—Graceful shrub with slender, arching branches. The blossoms appear in three to seven inch short racemes, very sweet scented. 18 to 24 in., 35c; 2 to 3 feet, 50c each.

CORONARIUS (Mock Orange)—This is not quite as showy as some of the other species and of somewhat stiff habit, but deliciously fragrant. 18 to 24 in., 30c; 2 to 3 ft., 40c each.

VAR. AUREUS—Similar to the above variety except that the foliage is a beautiful golden color. 12 to 18 inches, 50c; 18 to 24 inches, 60c each.

BOUQUET BLANC—Real white bouquet of immense size. We can only urge you to include it with your order; we know you will not be disappointed; it has no equal anywhere. 18 to 24 in., 55c; 2 to 3 ft., 75c each.

THE SPIREAS

There is no more dependable shrub than Spirea. Its graceful foliage and growth and the beautiful blossoms are a delight of the season through.

BILLARDIA—A shrub to six feet in height, with oblong leaves, usually grayish beneath, at least when young. Flowers are bright pink and five to eight inches long, tomentose panicles usually rather narrow and dense. July and August. 3 to 4 feet, 40c each; 3 for \$1.10.

VAR. ANTHONY WATERER—A very free-flowering, compact, dwarf shrub, with bright crimson flowers in dense corymbs. A very desirable variety that blooms all summer. 12 to 18 inches, 60c each.

PRUNIFOLIA—Is a graceful shrub, six feet high with slender, upright branches. The ovate leaves are one to two inches long. Flowers are pure white on slender pedicels in three to six-flowered umbels. 2 to 3 feet, 75c.

VAN HOUTTEI—This is one of the most beautiful or perhaps the most beautiful of the early blooming Spireas and is quite hardy. It grows to a height of six feet with arching branches that are completely covered with pure white flowers in May. Very effective when planted as a hedge. 18 to 24 in., 25c; 2 to 3 ft., 40c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c.

THUNBERGII—Five feet high. A very graceful shrub, early flowering. The slender arching branches clothed with feathery, bright green foliage, turning in the fall to orange and scarlet. Almost hardy, but tips of branches are sometimes killed by severe cold. The pure white flowers about one-third of an inch across, appearing in April or May. 18 to 24 inches, 65c each.



PHILADELPHUS
GRANDIFLORA



JAPAN QUINCE

QUINCE (Cydonia)

JAPAN (Japonica)—Common garden form, growing from three to six feet with spreading, spiny branches. The scarlet-red flowers appear before the leaves and are followed by globular fruits from one and one-half to two inches high, yellowish-green. 2 to 3 feet, 50c each.

RHODOTYPHUS

KERRIODES—Sometimes called the White Kerria. A very ornamental, deciduous, much-branched shrub, usually from three to seven feet, handsome and distinct, and is hardy as far north as Massachusetts. Has bright green foliage. Made very conspicuous by its white flowers in May or June and black fruits in the fall. 2 to 3 feet, 50c each.



SPIREA VAN HOUTTEI

SILVER THORN

(Eleagnus)

LONGPIPES—A highly ornamental shrub with handsome foliage and reddish brown branchlets. The flowers are one-half inch long appearing on the lower part of the branches, or on short branchlets; yellowish white, fragrant. The scarlet fruit ripens in June or July, of agreeable, slightly acid flavor. 2 to 3 feet, 50c each.

PROTECT THE TENDER PLANTS.

Our shrubs are hardy and free from diseases common to these plants, and as a result you can be confident of getting the very best results from all orders filled by the Spring Hill Nurseries.

BOHLENDER'S HARDY DECIDUOUS SHRUBS FOR FALL PLANTING

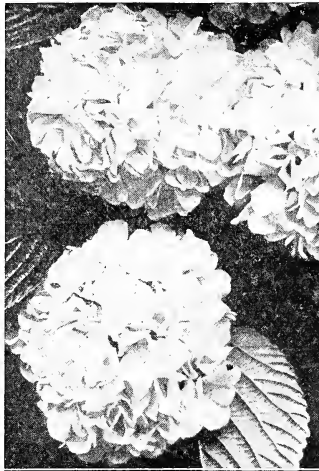
SNOWBALL (*Viburnum*)

ARROW-WOOD (*Dentatum*)—A gorgeous, upright, native shrub, thriving best in moist soil. It is especially hardy, doing well from New Brunswick to Minnesota. It blooms in May or June, followed by black fruits. 2 to 3 feet, 50c each.

COMMON (Var. *Sterilis*)—This is the well known, common snowball of the old-fashioned gardens. Besides the snow-white flowers in May, the foliage is decorative and assumes a bright color in fall. 2 to 3 feet, 50c each.

HIGH BUSH CRANBERRY (*Opulus*)—Handsome native shrub attaining twelve feet, with rather smooth, light gray branches and stems. The pure white flowers appear in May and June, followed by decorative fruits, which begin to color by the end of July and remain on the branches and keep its bright scarlet color until the following spring. The berries are not eaten by birds. 18 to 24 in., 40c; 2 to 3 feet, 50c each.

JAPANESE (*Tomentosum*, var. *Plicatum*)—One of the choicest shrubs with much to recommend it and no objectionable features. Foliage is abundant during the summer and fall, and its balls of pure white are borne in great profusion. Fine for specimen planting. 18 to 24 in., 45c; 2 to 3 ft., 70c each.



Japanese Snowball

SWEET SHRUB (*Calycanthus*)

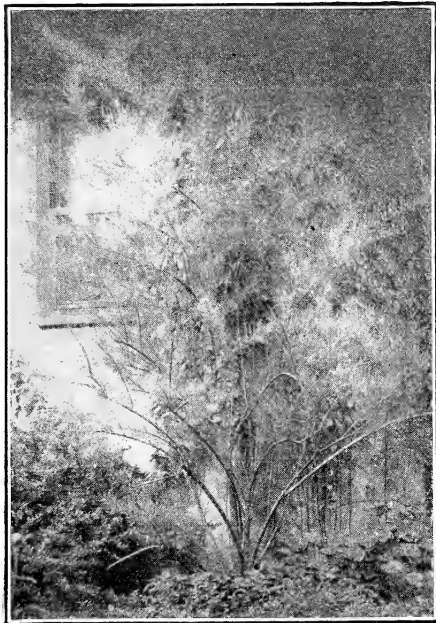
OCCIDENTALIS—A hardy ornamental shrub with handsome, glossy foliage and very attractive with its flower balls appearing late in summer. It thrives in any good garden soil, but does best in a sandy, moist location. Grows from four to six feet high and is distinctly ornamental. 40c each; 3 for \$1.00.

FLORIDUS—A hardy, unique shrub, with large handsome foliage, and most sweetly scented flowers of a dark reddish-brown. The old-fashioned "shrub" of our grandmothers' garden. One of the earliest to bloom in the spring. 40c each; 3 for \$1.00.

SYMPHORICARPUS

WAXBERRY or White Snowberry (*Racemosus*)—A perfectly hardy shrub from 2 to 3 feet high, excellent for massing in the lower parts of a bed or border. The rose-colored flowers appear in loose, often leafy racemes in July and August. The white waxy-like berries remain on until late in the autumn. 18 to 24 in., 30c; 2 to 3 ft., 50c each.

INDIAN CURRANT (*Coral Berry*), (*Vulgaris*)—A rather compact bush valuable because of its abundant and persistent fruit and foliage. 35c each; 3 for \$1.00.



TAMARIX

is a very desirable tree in every way. Price: 1 year head, \$1.50 each; 2 year head, \$2.50 each.

LOMBARDY POPLAR

Often called Italian Poplar. Very effective for use where a tall screen is desired or for skyline effects. Grows very quickly and fairly long lived. The trees branch up from the ground and grow very slim and erect. Price: 6 to 8 feet, 50c; 8 to 10 feet, \$1.00; 10 to 12 feet, \$1.25.

ASH (*Fraxinus*)

AMERICAN WHITE (*Americana*)—A handsome, hardy, broad-headed, quick growing shade tree, sometimes reaching 120 feet in height. Very valuable in landscape work, for park and street planting. 6 to 8 feet, \$1.25.

A great many people are beginning to realize that by expending a little time and study they can have well-kept and attractive grounds, adding to the beauty and comfort of the home and increasing the value of the property. If the grounds surrounding the house are extensive, beautiful effects can be produced by planting shade trees together with shrubs and vines, according to some pre-arranged plan. We would also emphasize the fact that you should buy nothing but the best.

TAMARAX (*Tamarix*)

These plants are very beautiful all the year, in winter for their coloring of the bark and in summer for the light green, feathery foliage and large loose panicles of purplish flowers.

AFRICANA—Is an upright grower to eight feet. Blooms in May. 2 to 3 ft., 35c each.

HISPIDA—A graceful shrub, upright branches, flowers pink, appearing in August. 2 to 3 feet, 50c each.

PENTANDRA, var. *Purpurea*—Similar to the above except that the flowers are of a purplish hue. 2 to 3 feet, 75c each.

WEIGELA (*Diervilla*)

An ornamental and popular class of graceful shrubs. The beautiful trumpet-shaped flowers appear in May and June in such profusion as to almost completely hide the foliage. Is very desirable for the border and for grouping. They vary in color from pure white to dark red. The following are all choice varieties:

ROSEA—A choice vigorous sort, which yields an immense crop of deep pink trumpet-like flowers in June, and bears a scattering of blossoms through the rest of the season. 18 to 24 in., 30c each; 2 to 3 feet, 50c each.

HYBRID CANDIDA—Very desirable plant for the shrubby border, with pure white flowers. 2 to 3 feet, 50c each.

EVA RATHKE—The flowers are a deep carmine-red, erect growing. A most profuse bloomer in spring and again in autumn. 2 to 3 feet, 75c each.



Weigela Eva Rathke

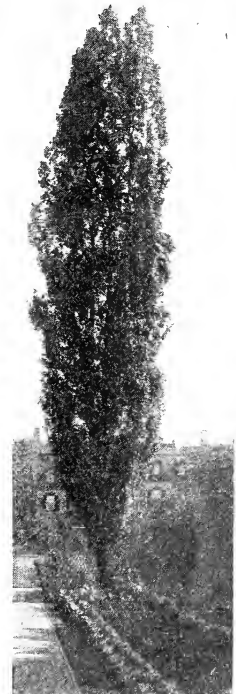
SHADE AND ORNAMENTAL TREES

CATALPA BUNGEI (*Umbrella Tree*)

A wonderful tree for use in formal effects. It is very quick growing, produces a broad dome-shaped head and



Catalpa Bungei



Lombardy Poplar

PLANTS ESPECIALLY ADAPTED FOR FALL PLANTING

BOHLENDER'S THRIFTY FRUIT STOCK

FIRST IN QUALITY, LOW IN PRICE

As we frequently have calls for one-year-old apple trees, we herein present to our patrons a list of the standard commercial varieties of this stock. There are some advantages in purchasing trees of this age. In addition to costing less than older stock, these trees suffer less in transplanting, and will begin to grow more readily than older trees.

All trees and plants are retarded less in their growth when planted young, because the root system is smaller and is therefore less disturbed in the process of transplanting.

The wise purchaser of fruit trees will listen to this: Old experienced horticulturists recommend the planting of one-year-old apple trees, because fewer trees are lost, they grow off more readily, and the head or top of such trees can more readily be formed for convenience in picking the apples and to produce and sustain the largest amount of fruit with less danger of breaking or spoiling the tree.

It is our deliberate opinion that young trees are preferable for planting, and will prove more satisfactory generally than older and larger trees.

APPLES

PRICES:

Prices of All Varieties of 2-year-old-Trees

First Class	Each	10	25	100
3 to 4 feet	\$.50	\$4.50	\$10.00	\$35.00
4 to 5 feet	.70	6.50	16.00	60.00
5 to 7 feet	1.00	9.00	22.00	82.50

Prices of All Varieties of 1-year-old Trees

First Class	Each	10	25	100
2 to 3 feet	\$.25	\$2.00	\$ 4.00	\$15.00
3 to 4 feet	.40	3.25	6.50	25.00
4 to 5 feet	.50	4.25	10.00	30.00

Plant apple trees thirty to forty feet each way, either Spring or Fall.

ARKANSAS BLACK—A remarkably large and handsome crimson-black apple; perfectly smooth, roundish flat, lightly dotted with white.

BALDWIN—The apple of general popularity.

flavor. A good keeper.

BEN DAVIS—The great barrel filler. This apple is a remarkably fine keeper and a profitable one on the market in many sections.

SUMMER RAMBO

TWENTY OUNCE PIPPIN—Very large and handsome, washed, mottled and splashed with bright red, flesh coarse.

STARK—Golden yellow, stripes light and red.

TALMAN SWEET—Fruit above medium, whitish yellow.

WEALTHY—Fruit large size, red streaked with white.

WINESAP—Medium, dark red, sub-acid, excellent quality, abundant bearer.

YELLOW TRANSPARENT—Skin is clear white, changing to a pale yellow when ripe.

YELLOW BELLFLOWER—Large, yellow, lightly tinged with red; crisp and juicy.

YORK IMPERIAL—Medium size, often oblong, greenish yellow covered with bright red.

CRAB APPLES, Same price as Standard Apples. Varieties: Transcendent and Whitney.

STANDARD PEARS

BARTLETT—One of the most popular sorts, both for home and market. It is large, handsome waxen yellow, with red blush; flesh juicy, rich and juicy, highly flavored.

DUCHESS D'ANGOULEME—This is the largest among our really good pears. The skin is a dull greenish-yellow; flesh white, melting, juicy and well flavored. The tree is a vigorous grower and a reliable bearer.

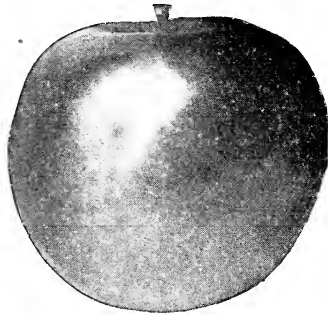
KEIFFER—On account of the excellent keeping qualities it is one of the best and most profitable market varieties. Fine for canning or preserving.

DWARF PEARS

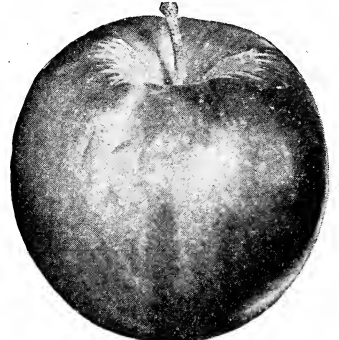
The Pear is very profitably grown as a "dwarf." These pears differ from the standards inasmuch as they are propagated on a quince root, which makes it of dwarf nature. The fruit is the same in either case.

DWARF PEARS — Select trees, 2 and 3 years old, 3 to 4 feet, 75c each; \$7 per 10; \$16.25 per 25.

VARIETIES — Duchess, Bartlett, Keiffer, Flemish Beauty, Clapp's Favorite, Seckle. Plant spring and fall, 8 to 10 feet apart.



Winter Banana



McIntosh

BANANA—Flesh lemon yellow, fine grained, sub-acid; rich, aromatic flavor. A good keeper.

BENONI—A beautiful red apple that can be used for many purposes. Fine for dessert.

DELICIOUS—Large, with surface almost covered with a most brilliant, beautiful dark red, blending to golden yellow at the blossom end.

DUCHESS OF OLDENBURG—The most profitable mid-summer apple.

EARLY HARVEST—Much prized by the housewife. The fruit is medium size to large, skin tender, very smooth.

ENSEE—One of the most popular apples now on the market and very much in demand.

FALL PIPPIN—Large, yellow apple when ripe. Flesh tender, rich and of good quality.

FAMEUSE (Snow)—Medium size, deep crimson, snowy white, tender, melting flesh of fine flavor.

GANO—The great commercial variety. The Gano is a large, handsome apple of perfect shape, with a smooth, glossy, brilliant red skin; the flesh is white, firm and somewhat juicy.

GOLDEN SWEET—Medium or rather large, roundish, slightly flattened. August.

GRIMES GOLDEN—A beautiful golden apple with a delicious flavor.

JONATHAN—Of medium size and fine flavor. A good shipper.

KING—Very large, red, fair quality, very productive, flesh is slightly coarse but tender and vinous.

LIVELAND RASPBERRY—Flesh white as snow, tender and juicy.

MADEN BLUSH—Uniform size, smooth, round with blush red on creamy yellow.

MAMMOTH BLACK TWIG—Dark red; flesh firm and mild.

MCINTOSH—Good size, yellow washed and deeply blushed with bright red; flesh white, tender, crisp, juicy.

NORTHWESTERN GREENING—Medium to large; clear pale yellow or greenish yellow; flesh yellowish, mild sub-acid, juicy.

NORTHERN SPY—One of the oldest and best known varieties.

RED ASTRACHAN—Yellow, largely covered with red, presenting a striped appearance.

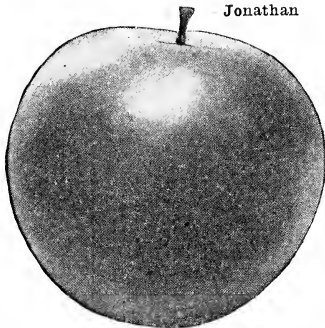
RAMBO—A fine well known red variety. Late fall.

ROME BEAUTY—Large, roundish, oblong apple.

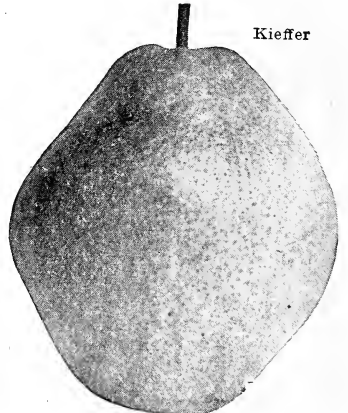
RAWLES JANETT—Well shaped, red streaked with a very mild and delicious flavor.

PARADISE SWEET—A fine baker and good for shipping.

STAYMAN'S—Large size, red and yellow ground.



Jonathan



Keiffer

PLANTS ESPECIALLY ADAPTED FOR FALL PLANTING

CHERRIES

There has been considerable call for cherry trees 2 to 3 and 3 to 4 feet high in the past few years. These have given such universal satisfaction that we are specializing on these trees. They start off to growing so much more quickly that they more than make up for their lack in size. Considering the difference in price and that they give such good results, we strongly advise our customers to use this size in preference to any other.

LARGE MONTMORENCY — Several different strains come under this variety or name; all of them are good, but we consider this particular strain one of the very best of the sour cherries, and it should be largely planted in every orchard. The fruit is large, dark red, and handsome.

DYEHOUSE — Bright red, prolific bearer. The fruit is mildly sub-acid, excellent variety for canning, good shipper. Free and vigorous. Last of May.

EARLY RICHMOND, or MAY — Unsurpassed for cooking. The tree is a free grower and reliable producer. The fruit is medium, dark red, juicy and has an acid flavor. June.

FIRST CLASS CHERRY TREES

	Each	10	25	100
1 yr. old, 2 to 3 ft.	\$.40	\$ 3.50	\$ 9.75	\$35.00
2 yr. old, 3 to 4 ft.	.60	5.50	14.00	52.50
2 yr. old, 4 to 6 ft.	1.25	10.00	24.50	95.00



PEACHES

CHAMPION — One of the finest freestone peaches. The fruit is large, creamy white, with a red cheek. The flesh is sweet, juicy, very high quality, and of excellent flavor. It is one of the showiest peaches on the market, is a good shipper and an excellent seller. The tree is hardy and is productive, and a valuable peach for either the home or the commercial orchard. Ripens about the first week in August. It is the highest quality white peach known.

ELBERTA — The old reliable peach, of which more are planted and from which more money has been made than from any other variety. The fruit is extra large; golden yellow with brilliant shades of red; firm, juicy, rich and sweet. In fact it is the most popular of all the freestones. The tree is vigorous, sturdy and hardy; thrives in widely different localities. For years the Elberta has been the standard market peach, both in the southern and northern markets, and it has a place in the estimation of commercial growers and the users of peaches which will be very hard to fill with any other variety; the Elberta is the one variety that every fruit stand customer seems to know. No other peach has been introduced which fills all the requirements of a commercial peach with such success as the Elberta. Ripens about the first of August.

J. H. HALE — This remarkable peach, discovered as a chance seedling, by J. H. Hale is a wonderfully fine peach, magnificent in appearance and delightful in flavor. The tree is enormously productive and the fruit is of larger size than the Elberta. Color a deep, golden yellow overlaid with bright carmine. Smooth, solid thick skin, a peach without the fuzz, absolutely distinct in this respect, it stands in a class alone. Flesh deep yellow, firm, fine-grained, and as solid as a cling, yet parting as freely from the pit as the freestone of the free, a delicious peachy flavor, such as is seldom found in a yellow peach; altogether a combination of productiveness, size, beauty, solidity, texture and flavor that cannot be duplicated. Its firm, tenacious skin makes it a very fine shipper, and on the markets it commands the highest prices. This great peach shows marvelous adaptability to varied soils and climatic conditions, growing equally well both north and south.

CRAWFORD'S EARLY — A very large yellow freestone of the finest quality. Ripens late August.

PLUMS

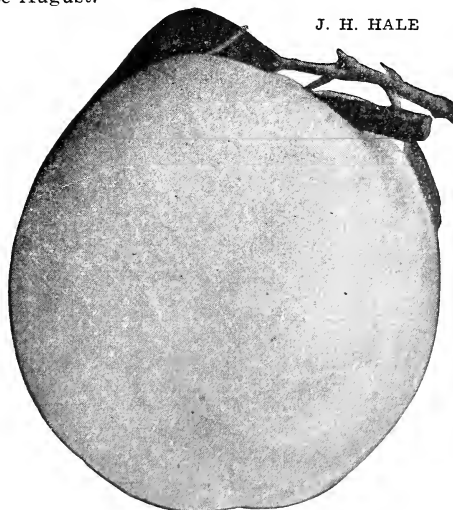
LOMBARD — A favorite for canning and culinary purposes. Of medium size, oval, violet-red. The flesh is yellow, juicy, pleasant and good. Adheres to the stone. Good market variety. The tree is strong and productive, bearing when quite young. Ripens late in August.

ABUNDANCE — A beautiful yellow, heavily overspread with purple-carmine; large to very large; the flesh is yellow, very juicy, is sweet and quite firm; skin tough. The tree is a strong, thrifty grower, very hardy and prolific. The fruit stands shipping well to distant markets. July.

BURBANK — Successful almost anywhere. The fruit is of very large size, the color cherry red, mottled. The flesh is yellow, sweet and firm. It is fine for keeping and shipping. The tree is a vigorous grower, but so straggling that it requires sharp trimming. It ripens in August.



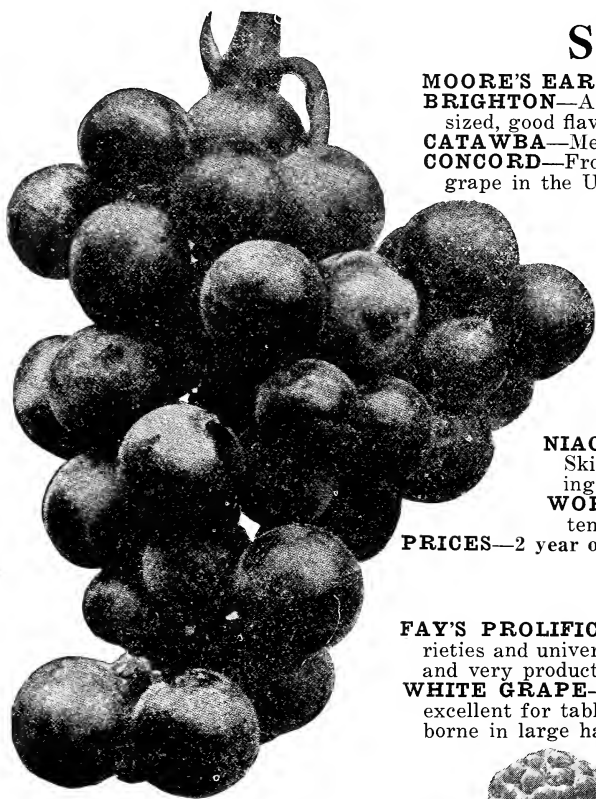
ABUNDANCE PLUM



J. H. HALE

PLANTS ESPECIALLY ADAPTED FOR FALL PLANTING

SELECTED GRAPES



CONCORD GRAPES

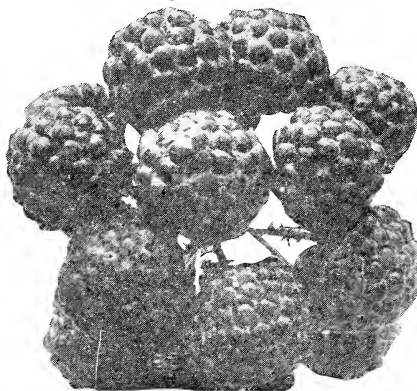
America's recognized superior grape for all purposes and the most widely grown variety

RASPBERRIES

CARDINAL—One of the most vigorous growers and one of the hardiest of all the raspberries. In fact, it is considered one of the very best purple berries. The best proof of this is that nearly all growers discard the other purple varieties after the Cardinals are once established. They produce a fine quality of dark, red or almost purple berries through a long season. Of very fine quality for family use.

CUMBERLAND—The fruit of this variety is largest of all the black caps; firm, a good shipper, and one of the most profitable as a market berry. Very choice black cap.

CUTHBERT—Considered the queen of the market, as they bring a higher price on the market than any other of the red raspberries. The fruit is large, dark, crimson, firm, sweet, rich, finely flavored, and as beautiful as strawberries. This is one of the hardiest of the red raspberries and endures the extreme northern climates or the southern summers with equal vigor and productiveness.



CUTHBERT RASPBERRIES

MOORE'S EARLY—A very popular early grape, hardy and a good grower.

BRIGHTON—A very desirable early red grape. Berries are medium to large sized, good flavor and quality.

CATAWBA—Medium large, red grape, of good quality. Late.

CONCORD—From sheer merit the Concord has become the most popular grape in the United States. Taking the country as a whole more Concord are now in bearing than of any other variety. No other grape succeeds over such a wide area or in so many different soils. It is the standby in grapes. New varieties may come, but they have to work hard to reach the Concord standard for market purposes. Matures early, keeps well, ships well and sells well. The bunches are big, berries are juicy, sweet and delicious. Concord overcomes local grape trouble and is safe to plant.

DELAWARE—This is an American grape. There is no other variety more delicately flavored or having a more agreeable aroma than the Delaware. Next to the Concord, it is the most popular, and has a beautiful pink color.

NIAGARA—When fully ripe the berries are a greenish yellow. Skin tough with quality similar to the Concord. This is the leading white grape for home and market use.

WORDEN—A seedling of the Concord. Large bunches which ripen ten days earlier than the Concord.

PRICES—2 year olds, No. 1, 30c each; 10 for \$2.75; 25 for \$6.25; 100 for \$23.00.

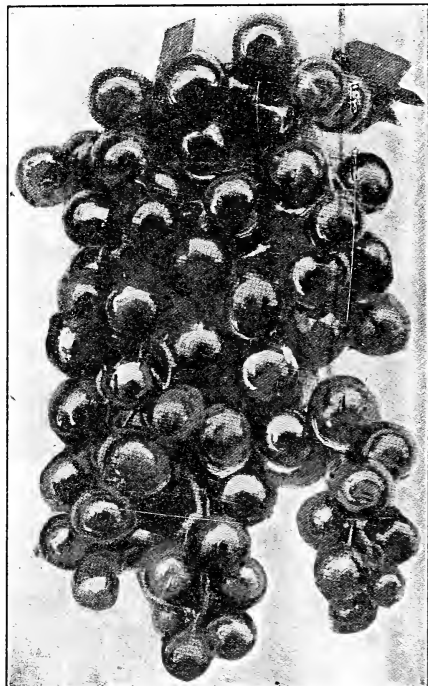
CURRANTS

FAY'S PROLIFIC—The leading market currant. One of the best known varieties and universally used by the large fruit growers. Long stems, fine flavor, and very productive. Fruit easy to pick, good shipper; plants are very hardy.

WHITE GRAPE—One of the most vigorous growing varieties we have. Fruit excellent for table use, having a mild acid flavor. The golden-white berries are borne in large handsome clusters.

WILDER—Upright and vigorous grower, bright red berry of excellent quality; ripens and remains bright and firm very late. Largely planted by the best fruit growers. It is our first choice of all of the kinds.

PRICE: 2 year old, first class plants, 25c each; \$2.25 per ten; \$5.00 per twenty-five.



WILDER CURRANTS

Brookfield, Ill., May 5, 1923.

Spring Hill Nusreirs, Tiptecanoe City, Ohio.

Gentlemen: The 160 Amoor River Privet I ordered have been received. They came through in fine condition, and I find the plants excellent in every way. They are coming out in fine shape, and they promise to make a magnificent hedge. They seem stronger than plants of same kind I have been able to find over here, in fact they come up to everything claimed of them. Inclosed my check for the amount. Very truly, H. W. S.

PLANTS ESPECIALLY ADAPTED FOR FALL PLANTING

Roses, the Queen of Flowers

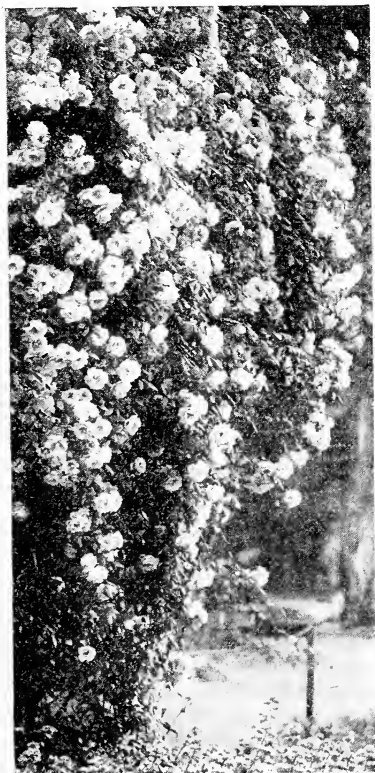
Roses are the most popular flowering plants grown, as either plants or flowers. They may be properly and effectively used for a great many purposes. Everyone should plant roses. There is no home, worthy of the name, where space could not be found for from ten to fifty rose bushes and there is no improvement that can be made at so small expense that will so quickly enhance the beauty, desirability and value of the property as a good rose planting.

Never was there such a wealth of roses for the amateur to choose from as now. They are being bred for the beauty of the plant form, as well as for the beauty of the flower. They are also bred for health, hardiness, freedom and continuity of bloom. As a result there are some wonderfully beautiful productions, both as to form and color, the latter ranging from pure white through all the shades of pink, red and yellow.

Rose bushes are divided into two general classes; bush varieties, those that grow in bush form, and climbing varieties, those that produce long branches or shoots that maybe trained on trellises, pergolas, porches, etc. The bush varieties vary greatly in character of growth and vigor of plant. Some of these varieties that produce the most perfect flowers in great profusion are of small bush growth, never attaining large size, while other varieties are of more vigorous upright or spreading habit of growth. If the desirable but small growth are planted indiscriminately with the more vigorous bushes, they will soon become overshadowed and ultimately die. Varieties should be selected and so planted that the smaller growth bushes will be together.

The roses which we offer are all good standard varieties, well suited to the home garden, and sure to give satisfaction. They constitute a very important group and embrace a number of the very best varieties, cover the whole scope in color, size and texture.

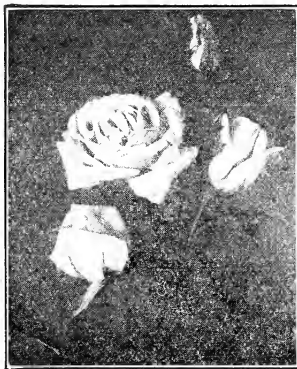
For success with roses, follow instructions for making the rose bed given on page 21 of our booklet, "What, Where, When and How to Plant," sent free on request with all orders.



Climbing American Beauty



F. K. Druschki



J. B. Clark

as well as for its magnificent bloom. The color is beautiful bright pink, suffused with carmine. A profuse bloomer and very hardy.

J. B. CLARK—This splendid rose is unique in color among roses, being deep scarlet shaded blackish crimson with rich bloom like a plum. It is robust in growth, with clean, heavy foliage. Flowers are large and superbly constructed, perfectly hardy.

Climbing Roses

CLIMBING AMERICAN BEAUTY—This new climbing form of the famous pink rose, so long the American favorite for cutting is as lovely and fragrant and deeply pink as the bush form. The hardy climbing blood with which it is crossed makes it quite healthy, perfect foliage and strong climbing habit of growth; the abundant bloom being in prime before the June show of the bush type.

CRIMSON RAMBLER—The famous crimson-crossed climber. Makes shoots 8 to 10 feet long in a season. Flowers are produced from ground to tip, in pyramidal clusters.

DOROTHY PERKINS PINK—Flower rich rose pink, small double, very sweet, produced in large clusters. Growth very vigorous, climbing, late flowering; bright clusters, clean foliage, one of the best.

DOROTHY PERKINS WHITE—Same characteristics with the exception of color, white.

AMERICAN PILLAR—One of the most favorable and attractive of the hardy climbers, flowering profusely in large compact clusters. The single flowers range from 2 to 5 inches in width. Brilliant carmine rose with a slight cream variation and yellow stamens in center.

PRICE: 2 yr. old, 50c each; \$45.00 for 100.

PLANTS ESPECIALLY ADAPTED FOR FALL PLANTING



John Laing

Hybrid Perpetual Roses

75c each, 10 for \$7.00.

GENERAL JACQUEMINOT—Bright, shining crimson, rich and velvety; exceedingly brilliant and handsome; makes magnificent buds and flowers, and is highly esteemed as one of the most desirable roses for open ground work, also for forcing.

FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI—The regal "White American Beauty." The bloom of this rose is perfect in form, on fine long stems, of the purest possible white. There

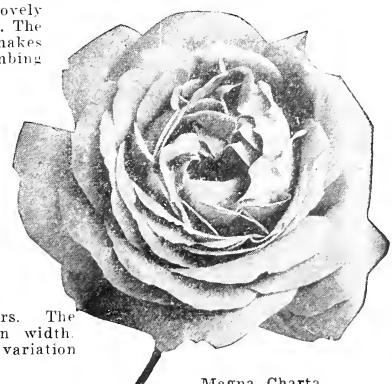
is nothing in the line of perfectly hardy roses that can compare with this one in form, color and general appearance. In rose gardens they commence blooming in June, are conspicuous throughout the summer with their profusely furnished, large flowers of waxy paper white.

PAUL NEYRON—One of the finest hardy roses ever grown. It blooms unceasingly from June till frost, on thornless stems, with immense, cup-shaped flowers, the largest of any rose grown, color a bright shining pink, clear and beautiful.

GRUSS EN TEPLITZ—For intense and dazzling color there is no other rose to compare with this splendid kind. The flowers are large and handsome, moderately double, of splendid substance, and produces an amazing profusion of flowers during the whole growing season. The color is fiery crimson, shaded with a dark velvet sheen, a combination found in no other rose.

MRS. JOHN LAING—A favorite sort, with satiny flowers of soft, clear pink, remarkably free and continuous bloomer. This variety has always been very popular, and is generally accepted as the best of the light pinks. It is exceedingly fragrant.

MAGNA CHARTA—A general favorite, prized on account of its strong, upright growth and bright, healthy foliage, the color is beautiful bright pink, suffused with carmine. A profuse bloomer and very hardy.



Magna Charta

TIPPECANOE CITY, (MIAMI COUNTY), OHIO

Freight Express

Please Do Not Write Here

Check—Money Order—Express Order—Draft Currency Amount Enclosed \$.....

[illegible]

Bohlender's Privet Hedges for Fall

CALIFORNIA PRIVET

Do you want to enclose your home-grounds with a fence that will add beauty and attractiveness to the surroundings, and will never rot down nor rust out; but will become more beautiful and substantial each year?

THE CALIFORNIA PRIVET HEDGE IS WHAT YOU NEED

Many plants or shrubs may be used with happy results and pleasing effects in making a hedge fence; but the great demand for California Privet proves it to be the most popular and satisfactory of all hedges.

IT IS THE BEST AND CHEAPEST FENCE

One hundred plants set eight inches apart, the proper distance for planting, will make a fence 66 feet long. Using our 18 to 24 inch size would cost only \$6.50. This is much less than any other fence would cost.

In comparison with fences of Wood or iron, it is a comparison of the Living with the Dead.

The Iron and Wood fences are subject to decay, and each year become more unattractive and less substantial; but the living hedge fence is enduring, and becomes more beautiful and substantial with the passing years.

It needs not to be painted by the hand of man, in colors that fade away, for it paints itself each year an unfading color of beautiful, glossy, green that is both charming and restful to the eye.

IT IS THE MOST BEAUTIFUL AND ORNAMENTAL

There is no fence that adds so much charm and dignity to the surroundings of the home as a well kept hedge of California Privet.



California Privet Hedge

It is a frame of living green that imparts to the picture an appearance of tranquil peace and happiness pervading the entire scene.

Unlike the Wood fence, which speaks in dull, flat tones; or the Iron fence, which speaks in accents of cold irony; it calls to the admiring observer in melodious notes of soothing harmony.

Go into the residence part of any of our great cities, and you will find this is the fence that almost invariably surrounds the palatial and aristocratic homes.

Surround your home with this frame of Nature's own making, and you will never regret it.

Plant in either Spring or Fall. If planted in single row, space the plants 8 inches apart. If planted in double rows, space the plants 8 inches apart zigzag from one row to the other.

Plants, 12-18 inches, per hundred	\$5.00
Plants, 18-24 inches, per hundred	\$6.50
Plants, 2-3 feet, per hundred	\$8.50

AMOR RIVER PRIVET

Hardy for Northern climates. It is similar in form to the well known California excepting the foliage not being quite so glossy. It is perfectly safe to plant in extreme cold latitudes.

Hardest of all hedge plants. Beautiful upright growth and makes a very compact beautiful hedge. Sheds its foliage a little earlier than California Privet. 18 to 24 inches, \$12.00 per 100; 2 to 3 feet, \$16.00 per 100.

JAPANESE BARBERRY

BERBERIS THUNBERGII (Thunberg's Japanese Barberry)—A species from Japan, with round, drooping habit; leaves of a fine, brilliant green in summer, taking on, from early Autumn till December, the most glowing colors. After the leaves fall the branches are seen to be loaded with scarlet-crimson berries. It is the very best of all plants to form a hedge, where an untrimmed hedge is desired. 12 to 18 inches, 25c each, or \$24.00 per hundred. 18 to 24 inches, 40c each, or \$38.00 per hundred.



Amoor River Privet

PLANTS ESPECIALLY ADAPTED FOR FALL PLANTING



Rec'd SEP 24 1923



PHILADELPHUS VIRGINAL

BLOOMS CONTINUOUSLY THROUGHOUT THE SUMMER

Above is shown a reproduction of a Philadelphus Virginal hedge in full flower. To the right is shown a cut of an individual stem of this famous new shrub. Below and to the left is shown a single specimen plant, which will give you an idea of the immense mass of beautiful flowers one of these shrubs will produce.

This is a new and wonderful addition to the Mock Orange family but is far beyond anything in this line that has been brought out in the past. It is without question one of the most beautiful shrubs grown and once it becomes known will be planted on every home ground.

Because of its being new the supply of this variety is scarce and high priced, but we are going to offer these at the following low prices as long as our supply of this shrub lasts. Price: 60c each; 10 for \$5.00. Large 2 to 3 ft. plants, \$1.00 each; 10 for \$9.00.

HYDRANGEA HILLS OF SNOW

Below and to the left are shown a number of rows of two year old Hydrangea Hills of Snow in our nursery. This beautiful shrub has immense Snowball-like flowers and blooms continuously from July to late Fall. A shrub that will repay its cost many times over each year, in beauty, pleasure and satisfaction. 18-24 in., 50c each; 2-3 ft., 75c each.



CALIFORNIA PRIVET FOR HEDGES

Below is shown one of our several blocks of California Privet, which contains over 300,000 plants. The extraordinary demand for this hedge plant is the best proof of its being the best. Can be kept trimmed to any height from one to six feet. Price 12 to 18 inches, \$5.00 per hundred; 18 to 24 inches, \$6.50 per hundred; 2 to 3 feet, \$8.50 per hundred. (Plant 8 inches apart.)

